

Alexandria Gazette & Daily Advertiser.

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VOL. XIX.]

WEDNESDAY, JULY 15, 1818.

[No. 5279.]

For the prevention and cure of
BILIOUS AND MALIGNANT FEVERS
is recommended
Hahn's ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS
THIS Medicine has been attended
with a degree of success highly grateful
to the inventor's feelings in several parts
of the West Indies and in the Southern
and Middle States, &c.

The testimony of a number of persons
can be adduced, who have reason to be-
lieve that a timely use of this salutary re-
medy has, under Providence, preserved
their lives when in the most alarming cir-
cumstances.

Facts of this conclusive nature speak
more in favour of a medicine than col-
umns of pompous eulogy founded on
mere assertion.

It is not indeed presumptuously pro-
posed as an infallible cure, but the inven-
tor has every possible reason that can re-
sult from extensive experience for be-
lieving that a dose of these Pills taken
once in every two weeks during the pre-
valence of our bilious fevers, will prove
an infallible preventive; and further,
that in the earlier stages of those diseases
their use will very generally succeed in
restoring health, and frequently in cases
esteemed desperate and beyond the power
of common remedies.

The operation of these pills is perfectly
mild, so as to be used with safety by per-
sons in every situation and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry
off superfluous bile and prevent its mor-
bid secretions—to restore and amend the
appetite—to produce a free perspiration
and thereby prevent colds which are of-
ten of fatal consequences. A dose never
fails to remove a cold if taken on its first
appearance: they are celebrated for re-
moving habitual costiveness—sickness at
the stomach and severe head-ache—and
ought to be taken by all persons on a
change of climate.

They have been found remarkably effi-
cacious in preventing and curing disor-
ders attendant on long voyages, and
should be procured and carefully preserv-
ed for use by every seaman.

Hamilton's Elixir,

A sovereign remedy for colds, obsti-
nate coughs, asthma, sore throats, ca-
tarrhs, and approaching consumptions.—
To persons who have children afflicted
with the **HOOPING COUGH**, this dis-
covery is of the first magnitude, as it af-
fords immediate relief, checks the pro-
gress, and in a short time entirely re-
moves the most cruel disorders to which
children are liable. The Elixir is per-
fectly agreeable, and the dose so small
that no difficulty arises in taking it.

Hamilton's Grand Restorative,

Is recommended as an invaluable me-
dicine for the speedy relief and perman-
ent cure of
Nervous Disorders Violent cramps in
Consumptions the stomach and
Lowness of spirits back
Loss of appetite Indigestion
Impurity of blood Melancholy
Hysterical affection Gout in the stomach
Inward weaknesses Pains in the limbs
and debility Relaxations, etc.

**Hamilton's Essence and Extract of
Mustard.**

A safe and effectual remedy for acute
and chronic rheumatism, gout, rheumatic
gout, palsy, lumbago, numbness, white
swellings, chilblains, rashes, bruises, pain
in the face and neck, etc. etc.

Lee's Ointment for the Itch.

Warranted an infallible remedy at one
application, may be used with perfect
safety by pregnant women, or on infants
a week old, not containing a particle of
mercury or any dangerous ingredient
whatever, and no accompanied with that
tormenting smart which attends the ap-
plication of other remedies.

**Hahn's true & genuine German Corn
Plaster.**

An infallible remedy for corns, speedi-
ly removing them root and branch, with-
out giving any pain.

The Genuine Persian Lotion,

So celebrated among the fashionable
throughout Europe, is an invaluable cos-
metic, perfectly innocent and safe, free
from corrosive and repellent minerals,
the basis of other lotions, and of un-
paralleled efficacy in removing blemishes
of the face and skin, freckles, pimples,
inflammatory redness, scurfs, tetters, ring-
worms, sunburns, prickly heat, &c.

Hahn's genuine Eye Water,

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of
the eyes, whether the effect of natural
weakness or of accident.

Tooth Ache Drops.

The only remedy yet discovered which
gives immediate and lasting relief in the
most severe instances.

Lee's Infallible Ague and Fever Drops

For the cure of agues, remittent and
intermittent fevers.

At the place of sale pamphlets
may be had gratis, describing cures per-
formed by the above medicines; the num-
ber, importance and respectability of
which, fully justify every article of this
advertisement.

Sold only wholesale and retail, by
JAMES KENNEDY & SON,
September 26 King-st. Alexandria

Plaster Paris.
JOHN H. LADD, & Co. offer for sale
the cargo of the schooner *Mary*
120 tons Plaster Paris.

For Freight,
The substantial good schr.
MARY, Elijah Norton mas-
ter, burthen 102 tons, will
take freight for Europe, the
West Indies, or Coastwise.
July 8

For Freight,
The fast sailing schooner
NELSON, Tenney master,
burthen 350 barrels, is a su-
perior vessel, and can be re-
ady for a cargo in a few days. Apply to
LAWRASON & FOWLE.
Who have for sale said schooner's cargo
of lime, lumber, and tanner's bark.
May 25

E. Corning,
Has just received by the sloop *Rising
Sun*, and schooner *Sally*,
40 bbls. country gin
4 hds. do.
20 hds. N. E. rum
20 bbls. do.
310 casks Lime
12 bbls. mess and prime pork
24 boxes spermaceti candles
20 bags coffee
4 yawl boats
5 hds. sug-r
6 do. molasses
150 bushels potatoes, &c.
Also for Freight,
The good sloop *MARY*,
Capt. Bourne, to any part of
the United States.—Enquire
as above, Vowell's wharf.
June 3

A little of New-England, &c.
Just received and for sale by
E. CORNING, Vowell's whf.
30 hds N E Rum
40 bbls do
4 hds Antigua and Jamaica do
6 do country gin
60 bbls do
Bags of coffee
5000 wt bacon
20 boxes Philadelphia cider
20 kegs ginger
12 do oysters
Beef and pork
Codfish and potatoes
8 hds Barbados sugars
4 do do molasses
20 boxes sperm candles
4 chests hyson tea
20 kegs tobacco
50 bbls whiskey—and a general as-
sortment of **GROCERIES**, at wholesale
and retail. Ship Stores put up at
short notice. WANTED,
2000 bushels of yellow or yellow and
white mixed Corn—and a small cargo of
Thomasian lime.
July 3

Whiskey, Tea, &c.
LANDING and for sale by the sub-
scribers,
30 barrels whiskey, (Baltimore in-
specion.)
45 chests, half chests, and boxes
young hyson tea.
6 boxes fig blue. [rum.
6 puncheons fine flavored Jamaica
do. West India do.
N. & R. BLACKLOCK.
June 9

100 Dollars Reward.
RAN away from the subscriber's farm,
near Piscataway, Md. on or about
the 1st day of March, 1818, a dark ma-
tallo man named Nick, five feet ten or
eleven inches high, slender make, a little
deaf, speaks a little through his nose, has
been in the habit of wearing rings in his
ears, but may have taken them out to
avoid discovery. Said negro Nick has a
wife on Mr. Thomas A. Diggs's land,
near Fort Washington, and is probably
harbored in that neighborhood. I will
give the above reward of Thirty Dollars,
if taken out of the State of Maryland,
and Twenty if taken in the State, more
than ten miles from home—it within ten
miles of home, Ten Dollars.
JNO. H. BEANES.
April 25

Notice.
THE subscribers to the Falls Bridge
Turnpike Company residing in
Fairfax County, Virginia, who lately sub-
scribed with a view to enable the Com-
pany to build a Bridge across the lower
Ford of Difficult Run and to forward the
Turnpike road, are hereby notified that
they are required to pay to John Tem-
pleman, the Superintendent on the road,
or to his order, a monthly instalment of
ten dollars per share, to commence on
the 20th July next and to continue till
the whole amount of subscriptions are
paid up.
By order of the Board,
JOHN MURDOCH, Treas.
Georgetown, June 19, 1818.

Hardware.
LEWIS BIPKINS & Co. have re-
ceived per the *Muhawk*, via Balti-
more, a small addition to their former as-
sortment of hardware, which renders the
assortment tolerably complete and exten-
sive. AMONG WHICH ARE,
Shoe thread in balls, of good quality
Engl h bridle and skirting leather,
of superior quality
Man's and women's saddle trees
Plated chain spurs
Girth webbing
Waldron's grain and grass sithes
Sickles
Patent iron tea kettles
WITH A VARIETY OF
Cutlery & Mongery Goods;
all of which are offered at reduced prices
to punctual customers. June 11

Coffee, &c.
40,000 Pounds coffee, Jamai-
ca, Havana & Per-
to Rico green, and St Domingo
20,000 lb. brown and pitched soap
500 boxes mould and dipped candles
Of their own manufacture and warranted
best quality. For sale by
MANDEVILLE & LARMOUR.
Wines, liquors, and groceries, as usual.
June 9

Wanted
TO purchase or hire for a term, a
middle aged Female Servant, ac-
customed to cook, wash, and iron; one
without children would be preferred.
Apply to **JOHN H. CREASE.**
June 6

Richard Wood,
HAIR-DRESSER AND PERFUMER,
FAIRFAX-STREET,
HAS just received at his fancy store,
and for sale, the following articles:
Antique } Reticule clasps
Macassar } Oils
Russia } Cravat spring pads
Hard & } POMM } Curling Tongs, large
Soft } UMS } and small
Pearl, tooth } POW } Snuff in bottles
and hair } DER } Tortoise shell
Tortoise shell } Cheving tobacco
Rouge, in pots
Dressing and } Pocket Pistols
Ivory tooth } Almon paste
Gilt, set with } Swansdown Powder
pearl } Otto of roses
ALSO,
Dressing cases, latest fashion, with feet
Ribbon watch chains, various colors
Mohair nets, various colors
Soaps of various kinds; washballs
Naples shaving soap; necklaces
Razors, warranted of superior quality
Pen and pocket knives; scissors
Needles, of various sizes
Sewing cotton; smelling bottles, with
gold and silver tops; visiting cards and
cases, suspenders, clothes' brushes, and
tooth and nail do. shaving and shoe do.
Lond. dolls, old English razors, strops of
all kinds, and expects in a few days a fur-
ther supply of fancy articles, from France,
by the Elizabeth Sturges, which with his
assortment on hand, will be sold low, for
CASH ONLY. June 23

Bolting Cloths.
THE subscriber has this day receiv-
ed, a large and elegant assort-
ment of Bolting Cloths, of a superior qual-
ity, which will be offered for sale at the
store of Messrs. Butts & Cawood, King-
street, Alex'a, where he intends keeping
a complete assortment in future.
Sept 6 **AMOS ALEXANDER.**

Bath House.
THE subscriber respectfully informs
his friends and the public, that his
Bath House will be kept open during the
season, and no exertions on his part shall
be wanting to give satisfaction to those
who shall favor him with their custom.—
Two baths, distinct from the rest, are ex-
pressly reserved for the use of Ladies—
who will be waited on agreeably to their
directions. Tickets will be ready for
delivery on Friday next.
The subscriber has received by
the Norfolk packet, a quantity of Fresh
LIMES, which will enable him to keep a
constant supply of **PUNCH**, of the best
quality. T. SHIELDS.
June 17

Bottled Porter and Ale.
JOSIAH H. DOE
HAS just commenced bottling best
Transparent Pale Ale and Porter,
(from the Georgetown and Philadelphia
breweries) on Duke street, between U-
nion and Water streets, where he will be
happy to meet the commands of his
friends and the public in general. To
those who are disposed to become regu-
lar customers, or wish to purchase by the
dozen or gross, will be made a handsome
discount.
Boarders Wanted.
Two or three boarders can be accom-
modated on moderate terms, by applying
as above, June 30

E. Corning,
HAS just received by the schooner
Rising Sun, and for sale at Vowell's
wharf,
10 hds N. E. rum
50 bbls prime and mess pork
50 casks of lime
4 chests of young hyson tea
2 cases domestic goods
1 yawl boat
July 7

Just Published.
JOSEPH MILLIGAN has this day
published a new edition of a Treatise
on being Born Again, without which
no man can be saved, By Saml. Wright,
D. D. To which is added, the Commu-
nicant's Spiritual Companion; or an E-
vangelical preparation for the Lord's Sup-
per, by the Rev. Thomas Haweis, rector
of Aldwinkle, Northamptonshire, and
chaplain to the right honorable earl
of Peterborough. Price bound 87 1-2 cts.
It may be had by application to any of
the principal booksellers in the district
of Columbia. July 3.

London Cloths & Cassimeres.
JUST received per ship *Nancy*, from
London, via Baltimore,
Sheppard's & Maclean's
best cloths and cassimeres, of various col-
ors; a few gross of the first quality gilt
coat buttons, and a few dozen of very su-
perior colored and white brozen patent
thread. Likewise a variety of European
India, and domestic goods,—got cheap
and will be sold low for cash.
GEORGE CARSON & Co.
Next door to the Washington Tavern,
King street. 1m June 27

Robert Gray,
Next door west of the corner of King &
Royal Streets,
HAS just received on consignment,
the following **BOOKS** and **STA-
TIONARY ARTICLES**, viz:
Volney's Ruins; Thaddeus of War-
saw; Olney Hymns; Paneway's Letters
Murray's Reader, Grammar, Exercises
and Key;
Triumphs of Temper;
New York Reader, No. 1, 2, & 3;
Episcopal prayer books
Travels at Home; Cases of Conscience
Chalmers' Discourses
Accidents Human Life
Placide, a Spanish Tale; Manners, a
novel; Balance of Comfort
Letters from the Cape of Good Hope
Bonaparte's Letter to Lord Liverpool
Coxe's Female Scripture Biography
Beauties of Robertson
Harrington and Ormond
Memoirs of Moreau
Bernadotte
Yonh's Cabinet
Murray's Grammar, Abridged
Murray's, Webster's Comly's, and N
York Spelling Books
New York Preceptor and Primer
Allison's Sermons, 2 volumes
Tales of Fancy; Poetical Chronology
Clavis Ciceronis; Tacitus
Airs of Palestine; Hubert and Ellen
Valentine's Eve; Readings on Poetry
Lord of the Isles
Sancho; or The Proverbialist
Cowper's Poems; Comic Dramas
Paria Revisited; French War in Spain
Poet's Pilgrimage; Masonic Minstrel
Simpson's Comic Sections
Willish's Lectures
Rambach's Meditations
Sidney on Government
Warren's America; Military Tutor
Sanford and Merton; Scott's Lessons
Looking Glass for the Mind
Pocket and school Bibles & Testaments
Jesse's Surveying
Johnson's Dictionary, large and small
Child's Monitor; American Nepos
History of England
Addison's Works, 6 vols. boards
Federalist's Clerk's Magazine
Columbian Letter Writer
Introduction to Reading
Episcopal hymns, &c. &c.

Stationary:
Plain and fancy letter, superfine and
common cap writing and large brown
wrapping paper; hand box and bonnet
boards; playing cards; ink powder, red
and black; black morocco pocket books;
wedgewood cork and paper inkholders;
lead and slate pencils; superfine English
and American drawing paper; Reeves's
colors in boxes; German and octave
flutes; sifes and clarionets; black sand
and sand boxes; wafers; quills; blank
checks on the Mechanics' and Farmers'
banks; bills of lading; seamen's articles;
manifests and powers of attorney; bank
books, copy and cyphering books, plain
and ruled ledgers journals day books
invoices, letter & common account books
in full and half binding. Orders for any
description of **BLANK** books executed at
a short notice; and warranted for neat-
ness, strength and durability, equal to
any in the district. June 27.

Notice.
ALL persons having accounts against
St. Paul's Church, that have not
been rendered, will please hand them to
Mr. DANIEL SOMERS immediately.
June 8

Carpeting.
ON hand at the auction store corner
of Prince and Water streets, Hol-
land Rush Carpets, (justly celebrated for
their durability)—of different widths and
qualities, which may be seen and pur-
chased at any time.
P. G. MARSTELLER.
June 18

Cheap Carpets,
(Suitable for Summer use,) &c. &c.
108 PIECES floor, passage & stair
carpeting, low priced
30 bags flberite
500 lbs hulled barley
80 bundles cassia
170 groce velvet corks
50 bbls herrings, No. 1—inspection
of last year, in sound order, and at a low
3500 gallons cider vinegar [price
40 dozen claret; low priced
20 dozen do very old, and fine
quality—For sale by
MANDEVILLE & LARMOUR.
June 17

Withers & Washington,
A FEW doors east of the Washington
Tavern, have just opened a hand-
some assortment of
Spring Goods,
which they offer at the most reduced
prices for cash. March 26

Boarding.
MR. BOARMAN will accommodate
six or eight genteel boarders at
his dwelling on Pitt street, between King
and Prince streets, near the Washington
Tavern—having provided himself with every
thing suitable for their reception, by the
month, quarter, or year, as may be deem-
ed most expedient. May 28

Fifty Dollars Reward.
THERE came to the stables of the
subscriber, on Monday the 1st inst.
a person calling himself
Mr. PEYTON,
and obtained a horse and gig on hire, as
he said, to go to Ellicott's Mills, and re-
turn in the afternoon of the same day;
and as he has not yet returned, there is
strong reason to believe that his intention
is to swindle me out of my property. He
is about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, appa-
rently about 25 or 30 years of age, of
genteel appearance, and well calculated
to deceive.
The horse is a grey, about 15 hands
high, 9 or 10 years old, has a switch tail,
a speck on the right eye, and moves
swifly. The gig has a green body, car-
riage and wheels black, the lining of blue
cloth, red stuff top, linings, plated dou-
ble—outside joints.
I will give the above reward for the
recovery of the horse and gig, and the
detection of the second, or 20 dollars for
the horse and gig only, and all reason-
able expenses if delivered to me, No.
26, North Liberty street, Baltimore.
MICHAEL CAMPSALT.
Baltimore, June 8

An Act
Incorporating a Company to establish a
Turnpike Road from Wiley's tavern,
in the county of Fairfax, to a point of
intersection on the Little River Turn-
pike Road, or on the line of the dis-
trict of Columbia. Passed February
14, 1818.

BE it enacted by the General Assem-
bly, that it shall be lawful to open
books at Fairfax court-house, and in the
town of Alexandria, under the direction
of Francis Peyton, Augustine I. Smith,
Wm. Moss, Johnston Cleveland, Amos
Alexander, Mordecai C. Fitzhugh, Jonah
Thompson, George Denoale and James
H. Hoar, or any three of them, for re-
ceiving subscriptions to the amount of
sixty thousand dollars, for the purpose
of making a turnpike road from Wiley's ta-
vern, in the county of Fairfax, to a point
of intersection on the Little River Turn-
pike Road, or on the line of the district
of Columbia, as shall be designated by
the directors of the company herein alter
named.
When a sufficient number of shares
shall have been subscribed, the subscri-
bers, their heirs and assigns, shall be
and they are hereby incorporated into a
company by the name of "The Middle
Turnpike Company," agreeably to the
act, entitled, "An Act prescribing cer-
tain general regulations for the incorpo-
ration of Turnpike Companies."
This act shall be in force from the
passing thereof.
Richmond, March 11th, 1818.
The foregoing is a true copy of an act
of the General Assembly, passed Febru-
ary 14th, 1818.
WILLIAM MUMFORD,
Keeper of the Rolls.
April 30

For Sale,
BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT,
DR. DEAN'S
Genuine Vegetable Rheumatic
PILLS.
So celebrated in New-England for the
many remarkable cures which they have
wrought, some of which are particu-
larized in the papers of directions, where
many thousand boxes are used annually
to general satisfaction.
These pills are recommended by men
of the first characters in the state of Mas-
sachusetts.
JAMES KENNEDY & SON.
January 20

ENGLISH AND GERMAN
ALMANACS, for 1818,
JUST published and for sale by the
gross, dozen or single one,
By **JOHN A. STEWART,**
Who has on hand,
a large stock of writing and letter paper,
pasteboards, slates, blank books, quills,
sealing wax, wafers, playing cards, and
paper for rooms.
ALSO,
Family and common bibles and testa-
ments; prayer books, psalm and hymn
books, with many other established reli-
gious works of merit. A general assort-
ment of
School Books,
Among which are, the Greek and Latin
Classics, Dilworth's Webster's, Mavor's,
Comley's, Murray's, Columbian and Phi-
ladelphia spelling books, Murray's, Web-
ster's, Ashe's and Comley's grammars,
Murray's Primer, Introduction, Reader,
Exercises and Key, Am. Class Book,
Blair's Reading Exercises, New Intro-
duction to Reading, New-York Reader,
No. 1, 2 and 3, Scott's Lessons, En-
field's Speaker, Goldsmith's England,
Rome and Greece, Webster's Selection,
American Speaker, Dodsley's and Crox-
all's Fables, Blair's Grammar of Chemis-
try, O'Neal's and Willet's Geography,
Dilworth's Tutor, Jesse's & Jaudon's
Arithmetic, Johnson's, Sheridan's, and
Walker's Dictionary, Atlases and Maps,
etc. etc. together with a large stock of
Law, History and Miscellany.
Wholesale purchasers allowed a libe-
ral discount. August 24

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cloth, red stuff top, linings, plated dou-
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recovery of the horse and gig, and the
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the horse and gig only, and all reason-
able expenses if delivered to me, No.
26, North Liberty street, Baltimore.
MICHAEL CAMPSALT.
Baltimore, June 8

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pasteboards, slates, blank books, quills,
sealing wax, wafers, playing cards, and
paper for rooms.
ALSO,
Family and common bibles and testa-
ments; prayer books, psalm and hymn
books, with many other established reli-
gious works of merit. A general assort-
ment of
School Books,
Among which are, the Greek and Latin
Classics, Dilworth's Webster's, Mavor's,
Comley's, Murray's, Columbian and Phi-
ladelphia spelling books, Murray's, Web-
ster's, Ashe's and Comley's grammars,
Murray's Primer, Introduction, Reader,
Exercises and Key, Am. Class Book,
Blair's Reading Exercises, New Intro-
duction to Reading, New-York Reader,
No. 1, 2 and 3, Scott's Lessons, En-
field's Speaker, Goldsmith's England,
Rome and Greece, Webster's Selection,
American Speaker, Dodsley's and Crox-
all's Fables, Blair's Grammar of Chemis-
try, O'Neal's and Willet's Geography,
Dilworth's Tutor, Jesse's & Jaudon's
Arithmetic, Johnson's, Sheridan's, and
Walker's Dictionary, Atlases and Maps,
etc. etc. together with a large stock of
Law, History and Miscellany.
Wholesale purchasers allowed a libe-
ral discount. August 24

Notice.
ALL persons having accounts against
St. Paul's Church, that have not
been rendered, will please hand them to
Mr. DANIEL SOMERS immediately.
June 8

Carpeting.
ON hand at the auction store corner
of Prince and Water streets, Hol-
land Rush Carpets, (justly celebrated for
their durability)—of different widths and
qualities, which may be seen and pur-
chased at any time.
P. G. MARSTELLER.
June 18

Cheap Carpets,
(Suitable for Summer use,) &c. &c.
108 PIECES floor, passage & stair
carpeting, low priced
30 bags flberite
500 lbs hulled barley
80 bundles cassia
170 groce velvet corks
50 bbls herrings, No. 1—inspection
of last year, in sound order, and at a low
3500 gallons cider vinegar [price
40 dozen claret; low priced
20 dozen do very old, and fine
quality—For sale by
MANDEVILLE & LARMOUR.
June 17

Withers & Washington,
A FEW doors east of the Washington
Tavern, have just opened a hand-
some assortment of
Spring Goods,
which they offer at the most reduced
prices for cash. March 26

Boarding.
MR. BOARMAN will accommodate
six or eight genteel boarders at
his dwelling on Pitt street, between King
and Prince streets, near the Washington
Tavern—having provided himself with every
thing suitable for their reception, by the
month, quarter, or year, as may be deem-
ed most expedient. May 28

Fifty Dollars Reward.
THERE came to the stables of the
subscriber, on Monday the 1st inst.
a person calling himself
Mr. PEYTON,
and obtained a horse and gig on hire, as
he said, to go to Ellicott's Mills, and re-
turn in the afternoon of the same day;
and as he has not yet returned, there is
strong reason to believe that his intention
is to swindle me out of my property. He
is about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, appa-
rently about 25 or 30 years of age, of
genteel appearance, and well calculated
to deceive.
The horse is a grey, about 15 hands
high, 9 or 10 years old, has a switch tail,
a speck on the right eye, and moves
swifly. The gig has a green body, car-
riage and wheels black, the lining of blue
cloth, red stuff top, linings, plated dou-
ble—outside joints.
I will give the above reward for the
recovery of the horse and gig, and the
detection of the second, or 20 dollars for
the horse and gig only, and all reason-
able expenses if delivered to me, No.
26, North Liberty street, Baltimore.
MICHAEL CAMPSALT.
Baltimore, June 8

An Act
Incorporating a Company to establish a
Turnpike Road from Wiley's tavern,
in the county of Fairfax, to a point of
intersection on the Little River Turn-
pike Road, or on the line of the dis-
trict of Columbia. Passed February
14, 1818.

Alexandria Gazette

AND DAILY ADVERTISER.
PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
-ROYAL-STREET.

Daily Gazette, 7 dols., Country, 5 dols.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 15, 1846.

Having received no papers north of Washington, on Monday evening, we are favored with the opportunity of publishing, entire, the excellent Oration which follows, delivered at Baltimore on the 4th inst.

From the Baltimore American of July 7.

AN ORATION.
Delivered before the Protection Society of Maryland, on the 4th of July, 1846.

By JOHN S. TAYLOR, one of the members.

The Protection Society of Maryland, believing it necessary that the public should know the objects they had in view in the formation of their institution, have deemed it proper thus respectfully to solicit their humane attention. The call was made to their humanity, and as a citizen of Baltimore, I am proud in believing, and the present large assemblage confirms the belief that this call, when properly addressed to the people of this city, was never addressed in vain. Their ears are ever open to the cries of the hapless victim of oppression, and they are ever ready to frown with indignation on inhumanity, no matter in what shape it may meet their eyes, whether arrayed in the garb of hypocrisy, adorned in the vestments of the law, or clothed in that blood-stained raiment which is the emblem of its nature. It will not therefore excite your wonder to be told, that in a city so justly renowned for its benevolence, a large number of individuals have united themselves into a body, for the purpose of exerting their combined force against tyranny, rapine and oppression, which have for so long a time dared to lift their heads amid the very temple of liberty, the very asylums of innocence. We as a body profess to be the champions of the rights of man—we profess to be the protectors of those defenceless descendants of African forefathers, whose rights are sought to be invaded, and whose misery is sought to be rendered doubly miserable, by a set of remorseless men.

Let me be plainly understood. This is not a society formed for the purpose of abolishing slavery. I know that this is the light in which we are regarded by many of our countrymen. I know that our slanderers are busy in stamping upon the minds of those who are willing to regard us with benign eyes, the false impression, that under the veil of the mild name we have assumed, we are practising dark and insidious schemes for the universal emancipation, at all hazards, of the slaves of Maryland, who are now quietly slumbering in the arms of thralldom, without even dreaming of liberty or resistance.

If this slander demands a refutation, it will find it in the circumstance, that of the vast number of individuals who compose this institution, certainly one half, probably a majority are owners of slaves. Would these be the voluntary agents in effecting their own destruction? Would these present their dependents with the very torch, which was to consume their own dwelling? The supposition is as absurd as the slander is base and malicious. Besides the Protection Society of Maryland is honored with the membership of men, who stand in the foremost ranks of respectability and talents; some of whom have enjoyed or are enjoying the highest honors which a free people can bestow; of whom it would be malignant arrogance to say that they entertained a purpose so foul and so destructive. In whatever light the members of this society may view domestic slavery in general, and there are many who view it with deep abhorrence, its destruction, much less its destruction by such unworthy and hypocritical means as have been imputed to them, is far from being their intention. If they were anxious to procure the emancipation of the slaves of Maryland, I can assert with confidence that they have a sufficiency of the spirit of independence to induce them boldly to avow their purpose, and boldly to attempt its execution. And when they shall act under the influence of any other spirit, when cunning, intrigue and insidiousness shall become the spring of their exertions; when while appearing before the public in the character of an angel of light, they shall be practising the arts of a demon of destruction; may He, whose omnipotent arm wields the thunder and lightning of heaven—blast their purposes, unstring their nerves, and crush the sinews of their strength. The immediate emancipation of the slaves of Maryland, would perhaps be fraught with consequences fatal to the tranquillity of the country; we leave that subject to all-trying time, and to an overruling Providence.

Our object is to annihilate some of the enormous evils, which hang like mountains of iniquity on the back of slavery. Our object is to mitigate as far as possible the calamities, which one portion of our fellow men suffer by the despotic cruelty of another. Our object is to save them, if we cannot from unhappiness, at least from absolute torture. If they are slaves, the law has granted them certain rights, and we stand forth the defenders of those rights. If any African, having obtained his freedom, is sought to be again enslaved by some ferocious monster, we step between the monster and the man, and save the one, from the grasp of the other. We pursue the midnight man-stealer to his den, and drag him to the bar of retributive justice. We use all the means which the laws of God and man place at our disposal, to do away that horrid legalized traffic in human flesh, carried on between this and the southern states, and which has stamped so deep a disgrace upon our moral character. And we use all the exertions of which we are capable, to discourage the slave trade to the coast of Africa.

Such is a brief outline of the evils for which it is the object of this society to provide a remedy. The details would be endless, and infinitely more dreadful. Would to heaven that some eloquent advocate of oppressed humanity, animated with the

spirit which blazed in Patrick Henry, were here to unfold each scene of cruelty, in all its horrid particulars. The hardest heart in this assembly, would melt into tenderness, and mingled pity and indignation would flash from your eyes. Perhaps all the other evils which torture the feelings of the unhappy Africans, may have their origin in that traffic in human flesh, which I have just mentioned as carried on within the state of Maryland and sanctioned by her laws. Against this therefore, as the fountain head of misery, it is the grand object of this society to exert all their force, believing that to be the best means of securing ample protection to the unfortunate, against the cruelty of the base.

The actors in this traffic are a set of men, who have long since bid adieu to every principle of virtue and of honor; who forsaking the respectable employments in which their youth was engaged, have descended to the disgraceful business of speculating in human liberty. It is some consolation to the people of Maryland to be told, that most of these are inhabitants of other states. They are chiefly adventurers from the south, who having become hardened to scenes of iniquity in their own neighborhoods, insult the hospitality which cherishes them, by practising their cruelties here, in the face of day, before our very doors. But I am sorry to say that these are linked with, and assisted by many individuals, who are styled, and will disgrace the name of citizens of Maryland. Both classes include under the name of southern slave-traders. Many of them are connected together in lines, extending from the northern extremities of Delaware and Maryland, to the southern and western extremities of Georgia, Louisiana, Tennessee and Kentucky. Thus linked together they practice their infamous designs.

Every tie of affection, every chord of consanguinity and love, that binds social beings together, are by these ruthless men, burst asunder with ferocious violence. Destitute of sensibility themselves, strangers to those sympathetic feelings which prompt the tear of humanity for the woes of others, they act as if they believed, that such is the callous condition of the victims of their avarice—mistaken wretches! have they been so long divested of human nature as to have forgotten, that tears and groans, and sighs indicate the anguish of the soul, and that when these are extorted from the husband and wife, the parents and children, whom their rapacity has torn from the arms of each other, nature then bears witness, that their heart strings are sundered in twain, and that all that is within them bursts with grief.

These unfortunate creatures are always kept in ignorance of their fate, until the moment when they are called upon to submit. Sometimes they are met by the being who has trafficked in their blood, at a distance from their dwelling and commanded immediately to march. In vain do they intreat their relentless tyrant to permit them to return and take a last farewell, a last embrace of those they dearly love. They are sternly refused, and every groan they utter, is punished with a lash. And when they are through wonderful condescension, permitted to take a final fond adieu, the sacred solemnity of the occasion is inhumanly profaned by sacrilegious interruption. They tear the infant from the breast of the mother, while she clings to it with maternal fondness—they drag the husband from the wife, while they are bedewing each others cheeks with mutual tears—they bear away the sister from the brother, while she hangs distracted on his neck—they sunder the dearest friends, while they are grasping the last farewell.

Who can depict the anguish attendant on this separation? Impotent indeed would be the attempt. We can behold the external signs of sorrow—we can see the tormented victims writhing with despair—beating their breasts—rolling their eyes to heaven—cursing the day that gave them birth—execrating the merciless authors of their distress—muttering imprecations, and in many instances actually deprived of their reason, but tongue cannot describe, nor imagination paint the bitter anguish, the heart rending agony, that reigns within them, and induces all these mournful indications. Fortunately for us, we cannot on this subject, speak the language of experience. The hands of unfeeling monsters, have never dragged your parents, your wives, your infants, to perpetual and ignominious suffering. Death may have deprived you of some of your dearest relatives, and you felt the pang of separation.

But you had some consolation in the midst of your sorrow—yours was the "joy of grief." You were consoled by the reflection that those whom the king of terrors had thus snatched from your arms, had escaped the miseries of earth, and had mounted triumphantly to the abodes of sempiternal bliss, and that their lot was that which nature had decreed, should be the lot of all. But there are none such balmy reflections to soothe the sorrow of the unhappy Africans. The mutilated farewell, which through unusual lenity, they are sometimes permitted to take, gives token of a separation, worse than that of the grave. They are not comforted with the belief that happiness will be their lot; they know that they will not be happy; and their imagination itself cannot depict the endless and acute misery which they may endure, in regions far distant from each other and unknown to either—where their affliction cannot be softened by mutual suffering—where their woes cannot be alleviated by sympathetic feeling—because a wall of partition more permanent than that of death bars their union. It is this, that causes these unhappy beings, to bedew their cheeks with tears of blood—it is this that extorts the groan of anguish, which not even the lashes inflicted by the cruel slave-trader can quit into silence, because the pains of the body are drowned in the agony of the soul.

These unfortunate creatures are not only ravished from the arms of their relatives—they are not only girded with cruel stripes—they are thrust into iron barred dungeons dark and dreadful; their hands are manacled—their feet are fettered to each other, they are bolted to the floor, though they never committed a crime. What, (some are ready to exclaim) can it be possible that in a country which boasts of its intelligence, its liberty, its humanity, prisons should be erected, and chains should be forged, for the special purpose of oppressing

unoffending men? Alas! it is too true—this state, nay the very city, in which we live, is crowded with dungeons, and rings with the clanking of fetters, fabricated for the direful purposes of torturing innocence!

France had her Bastille. It excited the horror of the world. And when it was razed to its foundation, it fell beneath the joyful exclamations of millions of Frenchmen. But the government of France was despotic. The avowed if not the real motive of the erection of the Bastille, was the punishment of delinquents—and throughout that large kingdom there was but one edifice of such a description—Spain has her inquisitions—The Spanish people detest them, the world abhors them. But Spain is a tyrannical government, and her inquisitions (though many a harmless man have perished within their walls) are the avengers of guilt throughout the nation. America also has her dungeons—and she has no palliating circumstances to mitigate the horror that reigns around them. They are not like the Bastille and the Inquisition, erected with the view of punishing human delinquency; on the contrary, with the base intention of sacrificing defenceless innocence to a greedy and avaricious rapacity—they are not reared by the hands of kingly despots, but by the hands of men who claim and who profane the proud title of free American citizens. They are not erected in a land of tyranny, or in a country destitute of the smiles of Heaven—but they are erected in a country proverbially the freest that ever arose on the face of the earth—a country superabundant in the choicest blessings that a benignant Providence ever showered down upon unthankful man—swept away by the hands of others, the paradise of the world, and to crown all, the pride of christianity.

In this country, no man dare touch the head of the vilest white malefactor—the most perfidious miscreant that ever wielded the dagger of assassination, before his guilt has been solemnly and legally established, before an awful judicial tribunal composed of his fellow citizens—and then, none but the officers of justice can execute the sentence of the law. Yet in this same country, any malignant, furious desperado, may, when it suits his avarice, or caprice, fetter and incarcerate in dark and impenetrable dungeons, without trial, without hearing, without even the suspicion of guilt, an unfortunate, unoffending African? The man who has been guilty of the crime of forgery—the being, who in the course of the night, has broken into the house of some peaceable citizen, and has robbed him of his property, is punished with a mild and lenient hand. He is not torn forever from his relatives and friends, nor are they kept in ignorance of his fate—his grief is not insulted with stripes and indignities—the duration of his imprisonment is temporary, and not perpetual; and when it is terminated, he can return again to all his accustomed enjoyments. But such is not the comparatively happy lot of the oppressed African, although he has committed no offence. His fate is worse than that of the midnight robber—nay, it is worse than that of the murderer—for death is preferable to perpetual torture. Were I compelled to choose the said and the language of nature. Many an unfortunate African has, by his conduct, and the alternative of holding the being, whom of all others, I most dearly loved, either condemned to drag out the miserable remnant of his life in slavery and chains, far from my sight, and far from all his friends, or of seeing him shrouded in the silent tomb by some sudden stroke of death, most gladly would I prefer the latter; and as his spirit ascended to the Elysian mansions of Heaven, most heartily would I rejoice, that an honorable death had snatched him from ignominious life. I am not singular in my preference—appeal to your own breasts, and you will find that what I have said is the language of nature. Many an unfortunate African has, by his conduct, and the alternative of holding the being, whom of all others, I most dearly loved, either condemned to drag out the miserable remnant of his life in slavery and chains, far from my sight, and far from all his friends, or of seeing him shrouded in the silent tomb by some sudden stroke of death, most gladly would I prefer the latter; and as his spirit ascended to the Elysian mansions of Heaven, most heartily would I rejoice, that an honorable death had snatched him from ignominious life.

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A woman forty years of age, with an infant at her breast, was sold by her master (with whom she had lived all her life, and who resided in one of the neighboring counties of this state) to a southern slave trader. He conveyed her immediately to one of his dungeons, not far from Bladensburg, and there inhumanly imprisoned her for the night, intending on the morrow to take her somewhere else. He arose early the next day, and hastened to her infant were quite lying writhed up in a blanket. Believing her to be asleep, he commanded her to awake—the command was not obeyed—he called her vociferously by her name—no answer was made to the call. Then with a horrid imprecation, he advanced to the unfortunate woman—he grasped the blanket which enclosed her—he threw it aside—when he beheld (O horrid sight!) the wretched mother and the tender infant at the breast, weltering in each other's blood!—Despairing again of ever bemoaning her native country—thru from her tender connections—seeing herself destitute and friendless—in the hands of a remorseless tyrant, who was about to convey her, like a brute to some distant unknown region—she sought relief in death, and with a razor first cut the throat of her infant, and then her own.

Though the rules of christian morality forbid us to applaud the suicide, yet her ignorance and her misery plead in her justification, and throw the guilt of her murder upon the head of her persecutors. Had she, however, existed a Grecian or a Roman matron, in the glorious days of Greece and Rome, and had she thus sought relief from some Persian or Carthaginian Barbarian, historians would have celebrated her name, and poets would have decorated her urn with ever blooming garlands—for she was the martyr of patriotism and liberty. To Lucretia, who, in order to convince the world that she was an innocent woman, plunged a dagger in her breast—to Virginia, who, in order to wrest her daughter from the grasp of a tyrannical desecrator, sheathed his pointed sword in her guiltless heart, and then held up the bloody weapon to the Roman people, stimulating them to vengeance and to slaughter—to the severe and uncorrupted Cato, who, when he saw the

price, and power, and liberty of Rome, centered in Julius Caesar, fell upon his sword—posterity have, with one accord, awarded the tribute of immortal fame.

But if the being, who has wielded the dagger of destruction, ever deserved applause for his deed of death, certainly the object who now lies bleeding before the eyes of our imagination, merits more exalted fame than even Lucretia, Virginia, or Cato. Shame influenced the first, parental pride the second, and a chagrin, because the world bowed down to Caesar, prompted the suicide of Cato. But no shame, no minor passion, no disappointed ambition, urged the unfortunate African—the grand moving principles of her conduct, were uncorrupted patriotism, determined hatred of tyranny, and genuine love of liberty. She would not leave the hand of her father—she would not leave her tyrant that she despised his chains as she had lived, or seek for liberty in the boundless regions of heaven.

"Where no hounds molest, no christians thirst for blood."

But what were the feelings of the slave-trader, when he beheld this bloody sight? Did contrition melt his soul? Did pity, or even horror, glisten in his eyes?—Ah, no! his soul, dark as the blackest shades of midnight, sees not a gleam of pity within its gloomy recesses—his heart, hard as the mountain adamant, feels not even the "compunctious visitings of nature." When the relentless man saw the poor wretch lying at his feet, he loaded her dead body with the most horrid imprecations, and then left her to be buried by the hands of others.

These scenes which frequently occur—swept away by the hands of others, the paradise of the world, and to crown all, the pride of christianity.

In this country, no man dare touch the head of the vilest white malefactor—the most perfidious miscreant that ever wielded the dagger of assassination, before his guilt has been solemnly and legally established, before an awful judicial tribunal composed of his fellow citizens—and then, none but the officers of justice can execute the sentence of the law. Yet in this same country, any malignant, furious desperado, may, when it suits his avarice, or caprice, fetter and incarcerate in dark and impenetrable dungeons, without trial, without hearing, without even the suspicion of guilt, an unfortunate, unoffending African? The man who has been guilty of the crime of forgery—the being, who in the course of the night, has broken into the house of some peaceable citizen, and has robbed him of his property, is punished with a mild and lenient hand. He is not torn forever from his relatives and friends, nor are they kept in ignorance of his fate—his grief is not insulted with stripes and indignities—the duration of his imprisonment is temporary, and not perpetual; and when it is terminated, he can return again to all his accustomed enjoyments. But such is not the comparatively happy lot of the oppressed African, although he has committed no offence. His fate is worse than that of the midnight robber—nay, it is worse than that of the murderer—for death is preferable to perpetual torture. Were I compelled to choose the said and the language of nature. Many an unfortunate African has, by his conduct, and the alternative of holding the being, whom of all others, I most dearly loved, either condemned to drag out the miserable remnant of his life in slavery and chains, far from my sight, and far from all his friends, or of seeing him shrouded in the silent tomb by some sudden stroke of death, most gladly would I prefer the latter; and as his spirit ascended to the Elysian mansions of Heaven, most heartily would I rejoice, that an honorable death had snatched him from ignominious life.

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A neat and lowly cottage stands on the borders of a wood, thick with foliage. It is tenanted by a husband and wife, and several children; they have long lived in this spot, happy and contented, freed even from the suspicion of danger. This evening they retire as usual to repose, after the toil and labor of the day; when the shades of midnight have wrapped the earth in gloomy darkness; when nothing disturbs the awful silence that reigns around—suddenly is heard the sound of hostile feet issuing from the adjacent thicket; it is the unbidden tread of kidnappers! Arrived at the cottage door, they burst it open—loud shrieks are heard through the wood—the unfortunate creatures are seized, bound, and led off in triumph to the dens of the savages. Oh! could you behold a sight like this—could you see a fellow-being thus torn from his home in the darkness of night—his hands bound behind him with cruel thoughts—his mouth stopped with a gag—a ferocious monster grasping his throat and dragging him along—every passion which is excited by misfortune, or aroused by injustice, would mingle in your countenance.

Most frequently the stolen victim is one who has been emancipated, and in that case his condition is far more deplorable. He had tasted the delicious sweets of liberty; his heart beat high with joy; he bounded with the alacrity of the deer over his native hills, and seemed to move under the influence of a fairy enchantment. On a sudden he falls by an insidious stratagem into the fangs of a kidnapper; in the twinkling of an eye he sinks into perpetual slavery; his joy is converted into sorrow; his hilarity into the gloominess of woe, and his state of unspeakable happiness into a condition worse than horrible, more direful than despair.

Though the state of Maryland, to her praise be it spoken, severely punishes the kidnapper, yet his crime would not exist were it not for the slave-trade which is sanctioned by her laws: for this traffic is a school where the man-stealer is taught his art. Here he is led on step by step, thru the different gradations of guilt, until he crowns the climax of villany. I question very much whether one systematic slave-trader, among the thousands that abound in this state, can be found, who has not been guilty of the crime of man-stealing. If there is a solitary instance of the kind, it only proves that the wretch had not suffi-

cient courage to attempt it. They all bear about them *prima facie* evidence that they are kidnappers. It would be wonderful indeed, if the human being who had crushed in his breast every instinctive principle of his nature, and had trampled upon the laws of God, should stop short in his career, because he was too harmless to violate the much less binding laws of man. Besides, if the slave-trade was abolished, these merciless men would have no pretext for the erection of those dungeons, by which alone they can secure their victims and avoid detection.

What I have been narrating are not "the tales of other times"—they are not creatures of the imagination. At this very moment, while I am attempting to use a few feeble exertions in the cause of injured humanity, and while you are thus honoring me with your attention, scenes like those I have been describing, are acting throughout the state of Maryland. Thousands of remorseless slave traders are this instant practising their diabolical designs—the groans of multitudes of tortured victims are just now ascending up to heaven. Within this city—in the very neighborhood of this temple of religion, ferocious kidnappers are lurking in their dens, watching with cruel eagerness the approach of night, when they may with safety seize upon their prey. But though the darkness of the night may conceal them from mortal sight, it cannot hide them from the view of him who pierces the thickest shades of darkness, but who can read the most secret purposes of the soul; who can penetrate the most intricate labyrinth of guilt, ever wound within the heart of man—who beholds all things past and present, and to come—who sees with equal eye, as Lord of all, "a hero perish, or a sparrow fall"—and who will hereafter render unto every slave trader, according to his deeds.

I have hitherto only hinted at another grievance which it is one of the objects of this society to redress—I mean the slave trade to the coast of Africa. Indeed it would be a useless presumption to enter into a discussion of this subject, since it has been so ably unfolded to the public view, by the immortal Wilberforce and Clarkson. But I am sorry to be compelled to say, that we are induced by strong reasons to believe, that there are even in this enlightened city, men, abandoned enough to engage in this detestable traffic—a traffic which even a congress of unlimited despots has declared to be abominable, and whose destruction has called forth the combined humanity of almost all the world. When the guilt of these unworthy citizens shall be fully established in the view of the Protection Society of Maryland, they will not scruple to declare to the delinquents in the face of the world, no matter how high they may stand in the public estimation—no matter how great their credit may be in the mercantile community—no matter how dazzling they may shine, dashing in their gilded vehicles, and surrounded with their splendid equipage, that their riches, their credit, and their splendor are the price of blood; and that they deserve to be ranked by their indignant fellow citizens among those monsters whose delight is cruelty, who live by the death, and rise upon the ruin of innocent and unoffending man.

But I am tired of describing, and you must be tired of hearing this detail of cruelty—Stripes, dungeons, tortures, chains, and death, have alternately passed in gloomy silence before your eyes. If the presence of a slave-trader now profanes this sacred edifice, these scenes, if he be capable of feeling, must be as terrible to his conscience, as the kingly ghosts were to the conscience of Macbeth, when they passed in ghastly array before him, followed by the spectre of the man whom he had murdered.

Dreadful as these scenes must have appeared to the eye of sensibility, I most solemnly avow, that I have not told one half of what I know to be the direful reality. To do this, it would be necessary that I should be gifted with all the music and all the thunder of eloquence. But merciful heaven! is there not enough to arouse the feelings even of a barbarian? Go to the savage of the western wild; talk to him of the blessings of civilization; tell him of the christian creed "do unto others as ye would that others should do to you"—tell him of our wonderful skill in the arts and sciences—of our mighty ships, defying the turbulence of ocean—of our stupendous edifices towering to the clouds—of the superabundant luxuriance of our soil—of the sublimity of our laws, and the purity of our liberty. Then tell him of the woes, which I have attempted to describe; and, ah! what a cry he would raise!—Rising suddenly from his moss covered seat, with the crimson fire mantling in his cheek, he would indignantly spurn at the request. If it be the creed of civilization, (he will say) to profess virtue and practice vice, although your boasted blessings were far greater than they are, and as numerous as the leaves of the surrounding forest, yet I would not for all of them surrender my how, my woods and liberty. We never torture those who are not our enemies; we never bind their children to the stake; nor do we ever enslave either enemy or friend. If civilization be what you have described it, may I ever be a savage hunter in the woods—may I ever cover the canopy of heaven with my bed the rock—may I drink the chrysol fountain.

To exterminate cruelties, which would even excite the horror of a savage, is the object of the Protection Society of Maryland. In there a human being in this assembly who will not pray for our success, and extend towards us the hand of fellowship. Let us unite our exertions, I beseech you, to overturn the heavy load of evil which weighs upon the heads of so many of our fellow men. This day you have testified your gratitude to heaven, for the participation of your country from British thralldom. Already have your bristling bayonets glistened to the sun—already have your exulting acclamations rent the air—already has your blazing artillery thundered and your joy through the skies—May the spirit which then animated, which now makes your breast, the same spirit I trust, which fired the bosom of '76—the same spirit, which hurled vengeance against the bulwarks of Tripoli—the same spirit, which rushing on the wings of deliverance across the Atlantic, sold the Algerine tyrant to

he must surrender the American captive, or the star spangled banner would wave in triumph o'er the ramparts of his city—Oh! may that spirit prompt you to look with an eye of tender compassion on the unhappy Africans, who now lie groaning in the solitude of a dungeon. Let petition on petition go to the legislature, until their condition shall be alleviated by authority of law.

The work of reformation is rapidly progressing. It has not been long since it was commenced, and it was commenced by a very few individuals. These intrepidly fought their way through prejudice and error, through injury and insult; and though their enemies, now all are their friends. Immortal honors to these benevolent heroes; theirs is the laurel which adorns the brows of Howard, Wilberforce and Clarkson. Theirs is the joy of earth, theirs is the bliss of Heaven.

Thanks to the tribunals of justice. They have done their duty—they have shown, that in this country, justice is not an empty sound. They have with the hand of mercy, stretched the mantle of the law to its utmost limits, in order to shield unfortunate innocence from rapacious guilt. In the name of the Protection Society of Maryland, I call upon them to go on as they have begun in their honorable course. I call upon the legislature of my native state, to interpose their high authority—to stretch forth their powerful arm, for the preservation of our country from ruin and disgrace. I call upon the bishops, the ministers, the clergy of this land, to exert the mighty sway which they possess over the minds of men, for the annihilation of the most enormous evils that ever cursed a nation. And above all to implore that being who fills immensity, who is eternal in duration, infinite in power, wisdom and goodness—who is the only monarch before whom this misty republic bows her august head—That he would arise from before him the mountains of iniquity, under which our country groans; illuminate her with the pure and unmixt light of freedom—dispel the darkness, that dwells within the dungeons of despair—dissolve the fetters of captive innocence—burst her prison walls, and lend her forth, crowned in all the glorious effulgence of heaven descended LIBERTY.

EDWARD I. LEE, Esq. was yesterday appointed Clerk of the Circuit Court for the county of Alexandria, vice Geo. Deaneale, deceased.

By Last Evening's Mail.

STRAIT PACKET SHIP.
It is stated in the New-York Mercantile Advertiser, that "a ship of 375 tons is now nearly ready to be launched, which is to be fitted up with a steam engine and apparatus, as a Steam Packet Ship for crossing the Atlantic."

THE HIGHEST PRIZE.
(Seventy Thousand Dollars) in the Milford and Owego Road Lottery, was drawn on the 10th inst. The fortunate Ticket, (3996) remained unsold in the hands of Isaac G. Ogden, Esq. one of the contractors of the Lottery. [Com. Adv.]

Prices at Halifax, (N. S.) June 20.—Superior flour 60s a 62 6d per bbl; rye flour 35s per do; corn 6s per bushel. Currency 6s to the dollar. [ibid.]

A letter from Halifax, of June 20, says, "The Order in Council on the Free Port Act is not received by the packet, nor has the collector received any instructions respecting it. It is, therefore, supposed the act will not take effect till after the 30th of September." [Boston Patriot.]

Died.
On Monday last after a short illness, Mr. JOSEPH GLANVILLE, Carpenter, a native of England. By his long lamented death, society has lost an active member of real worth; and his family and friends will very long regret the unexpected and premature deprivation which their heavenly Father in his infinite wisdom has seen fit.

Mr. Glanville had been for many years a teacher and superintendent in the Sabbath School in Bristol, (England); and since his arrival in this place he has been indefatigable and unremitting in his exertions in the same benevolent cause, and gave ample proof of his being an active christian, whose physical and intellectual energies were directed by the light and power of true religion.

"There remaineth a rest to the people of God."
"Let us labor therefore, to enter into that rest."

State of the weather in Alexandria.
July 14—At 2 P. M. 86 degrees.

Exchange Coffee-House
MARINE JOURNAL.
PORT OF ALEXANDRIA, JULY 14.

Sailed.
Sch. Luminary, Baker, Baltimore; sloop Ocean, Middleton for Norfolk.
Sch. Libby, T. Bears, cl. at Boston 9th inst. for this port.
Sch. Eliza, W. Ecks, at New-York, 11th inst. up for this port.
Brigs Agent, Sedgwick; Mercator, Parsons; and schr Adeline, Rumney, hence, left at Oporto, discharging, by brig Virginia, De la Roche, at Baltimore 13th inst. 46 days. Off the Capes, passed 3 ships, 2 brigs and several schooners, bound in.

Steam Boat Report.
The Washington arrived at 4 P. M.—Off Indian Head, passed ship Boston, Finlay, 61 days from Liverpool, with passengers, and a schr in company. Also, off Fort Washington, brig Dove—all bound up.

cient courage to attempt it. They all bear about them *prima facie* evidence that they are kidnappers. It would be wonderful indeed, if the human being who had craved in his breast every instinctive principle of his nature, and had tramped upon the laws of God, should stop short in his career, because he was too humane to violate the much less binding laws of man. Besides, if the slave-trade was abolished, these mercenary men would have no pretext for the erection of these dungeons, by which alone they can secure their victims and avoid detection.

What I have been narrating are not "the tales of other times"—they are not creations of the imagination. At this very moment, while I am attempting to use my feeble exertions in the cause of injured humanity, and while you are thus honoring me with your attention, scenes like those I have been describing, are acting throughout the state of Maryland. Thousands of remorseless slave traders are this instant practicing their diabolical designs—the groans of multitudes of tortured victims are just how ascending up to heaven. Within this city—in the very neighborhood of this temple of religion, ferocious kidnappers are lurking in their dens, watching with cruel eagerness the approach of night, when they may with safety seize upon their prey. But though the darkness of the night may conceal them from mortal sight, it cannot hide them from the view of him who never slumbers or sleeps, who can not only pierce the thickest shades of darkness, but who can read the most secret purposes of the soul; who can penetrate the most intricate labyrinth of guile, ever wound within the heart of man—who beholds all things past, present, and to come—who sees with equal eye, as Lord of all, "a hero perish, or a sparrow fall"—and who will hereafter render unto every slave trader, according to his deeds.

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COHEN'S OFFICE,
Baltimore, July 13.
Medical College Lottery,
1st day's drawing.
No. 5680 prize of D.500
*17803 18677 100
*14563 4632 20212 22600 50
15 of 20, and 151 of 12 dollars each.
*SOLD AT COHEN'S OFFICE.
On the 40th drawing the first drawn No. will be entitled to the stationary of **30,000 DOLLARS!**
Whole tickets 15 dollars
Halves 7 50
Quarters 3 75
Eighths 1 87
Warranted undrawn, to be had at
COHEN'S
Lottery & Exchange Office,
110, MARKET STREET, BALTIMORE.
Where ALL THE CAPITALS were sold in the last class, and where MORE CAPITAL PRIZES have been obtained than at any other office in America; and where was sold IN SHARES No. 6780 in the present lottery, which came out on Thursday last a capital of TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS.
July 15 2t

A Stray Cow.
STRAYED from the commons of Alexandria, a brown COW, with white belly and some white spots; no horns, ears cropped and cut; any person having such an animal in possession may hear of an owner (who will give a liberal reward for her recovery) by applying at this office.
July 15 6t

Notice.
ALL persons indebted to the estate of **David Boyle**, deceased, are hereby requested to make immediate payment, or give their bonds or notes for the same, otherwise suits will be immediately instituted against them. These having claims will please present them properly authenticated. By order of the Administratrix,
JOHN KING,
TIMOTHY BRUNDIGE, Agts.
JAMES REED.
Dumfries, Virginia, July 14 4w

For St. Thomas,
The new and fast-sailing sloop **HUNTRESS**, Capt. Spencer; will take about 100 barrels in small freight, and can accommodate 3 passengers.
Also,
The new and fast-sailing schooner **ELIZA & NANCY**, Captain Ames; will take freight of 550 barrels to the West Indies or coastwise, and can accommodate 15 or 20 passengers, having excellent accommodations. Inquire of the captains on board, at Vowell's wharf, or to
E. CORNING.
July 15 3t

Shelmerdine's Hats, &c.
THE subscriber has just received a fresh supply of Shelmerdine's first quality Hats. He has also in store,
London first quality Hats
Men's wool do
Boys' do do
Servants' glazed do
Children's fancy do
Morocco do
Leghorn do
French do
Which, together with his own manufacture, comprises a large and general assortment.
S. D. HARPER.
July 10 1w

Molasses, Paper, &c.
EIGHTY hhds choice retailing molasses
600 reams writing paper
200 hhds whiskey—for sale by
MANDEVILLE & LARMOUR.
July 10 1t

More Prizes!
COHEN'S
LOTTERY & EXCHANGE OFFICE.
Medical College Lottery,
Now drawing four times a week in the city of Baltimore, contains the capitals of
30,000 } 10,000
1,000 } DOLLARS... 1,000
1,000 } 7 of 500
NOT DRAWN.
On the 10th drawing the first drawn No. will be entitled to the grand stationary prize of **30,000 Dollars!!**
Whole tickets 15 dollars Quarters 3 75
Halves 7 50 Eighths 1 87
New Masonic Hall Lottery,
Also now drawing in the city of Baltimore, contains capital prizes of
50,000 } 25,000
20,000 } DOLLARS... 1,000
5,000 } 7 of 1000
Not 14 Blanks to a Prize;
and no Prize lower than 25 dollars.
The whole to be completed in 15 days drawing.
ON FRIDAY AFTER NEXT.
The first drawn number will be entitled to **5,000 Dollars.**
Whole tickets 25 dollars Fifths 5 dols
Halves 12 50 Eighths 3 12
Quarters 6 25 Tenths 2 50
TICKETS AND SHARES,
In both the above lotteries, to be had (warranted undrawn) at
COHEN'S
Lottery & Exchange Office,
No. 110 Market-street, Baltimore.
Where more Capital Prizes have been obtained than at any other office in America.
ORDERS, enclosing the cash or prize tickets, post paid, will meet the most prompt attention, addressed to **J. L. COHEN,**
No. 110 Market-street, Baltimore.
July 14 3t

Whale Oil, Plaster, &c.
RECEIVED per sloop Regulator, from New-Bedford, and for sale by
T. H. HOWLAND,
20 casks whale oil
60 tons French plaster
5 tons best St. Petersburg hemp
7th mo. 14 6t

Molasses.
TWENTY-FIVE hhds bright Antigua Molasses
Just received and for sale by
BARNEWALL & POPHAM.
July 11 1w

N. E. Rum, Brandy, &c.
LAWRASON & FOWLE have just received for sale,
10 hhds N. E. Rum
100 bbls 3 pipes Cognac Brandy
3 do Holland Gin
30 boxes soft shelled Almonds
50 do Chemsford Glass, sizes 6, 8 by 10 to 12 by 14
150 casks Nails and Brads, assorted, from 2d to 3rd
5000 lbs Sugar Paper
10 boxes Lemons
July 10 3t

Sugars, Wines, &c.
FORTY-FOUR wagsheads Barbadoes and Martiniague Sugars
46 boxes Claret Wine
6 pipes Brandy
8 do L. P. Madeira Wine
3 hhds L. P. Madeira Wine
60 kegs prime Chewing Tobacco
Just received and for sale by
JOHN JACKSON & Co.
July 10 2w

N. E. Rum, Cheese, &c.
E. CORNING has received by the schooner Sally, and offers for sale at Vowell's wharf,
8 hhds N. E. Rum
800 weight of new Cheese
1 case of Brown Shirting
1 Plaid do
76 casks of Lime
25 bbls prime Pork
18 casks Cut Nails, assorted sizes
July 10 6t

N. E. Rum, Pork, &c.
JOHN H. LADD & Co. have now landed and offer for sale,
60 bbls N. E. Rum
25 do Prime Pork
8 cases men's, boys' and children's 4 do Thread
July 10 2w

Pickling Vinegar.
I HAVE at my Vinegar Yard on Fairfax street, opposite the first Presbyterian Church, a large quantity of
Very choice Cider Vinegar,
which I will warrant.—And which I will sell by the barrel at 25 cents per gallon, and by the single gallon at 33 cents.
Attendance will be given from 9 in the morning until 5 in the evening.
JOHN T. BROOKS.
The editor of the National Intelligencer will insert the above six times.

Piano Fortes and Globes.
TWO very elegant Piano Fortes, and 1 pair of handsome 12 inch Globes, mounted on high stands, with compasses
For sale by
JAS. KENNEDY & SON.
July 10 fmw2w

New Publications, &c.
Just received for sale by the subscribers, D. R. Leland's view of the advantage and necessity of the Christian Revelation, shewn from the state of Religion in the ancient heathen world—2 vols. octavo
Child Harold's Pilgrimage, by Lord Byron, Canto 4th
Rob Roy MacGregor, or Auld Lang Syne, a Musical Drama
Reflections on Suicide, from the French of Madame de Stael
The Life of Mrs. Graham
Do. of Mrs. Ramsay
Pinkerton's new and elegant Modern Atlas, Nos. 16, 17 and 18. Gentlemen wishing to be possessed of this splendid work, which is now nearly finished, will please to make early application to
JAS. KENNEDY & SON.
July 10 fmw2w

Fifteen Dollars Reward.
RAN AWAY from the Subscriber, on Monday, the 29th day of June last, a negro boy named **ALEXANDER**, about 15 or 16 years of age, stout built, and very black. He had on a linen shirt, nankeen trousers and linen jacket and fur hat. He is the property of Mr. Edward Lloyd, from whom I hired him. The above reward will be paid for apprehending and securing him so that he may be got again, and reasonable charges if brought home, either by Mr. Lloyd or
JOSEPH BOISSEAU.
July 13 3t

Orphans' Court,
Alexandria County, July Term, 1818.
ORDERED, That the administrator of **Thomas Watson**, deceased, do insert the usual advertisement three times in the Alexandria newspapers. A copy
Test,
A. MOORE, Register.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,
That the subscriber, of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, has obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county letters of administration on the personal estate of **Thomas Watson**, late of the county aforesaid, planter, deceased.—All persons having claims against the said decedent are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, passed by the orphans' court, to the subscriber, on or before the 14th day of January next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to the said estate; and those indebted thereto are required to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 14th day of July, 1818.
WM. T. SWANN,
Administrator of Thos. Watson, dec.
July 14 3t

Wanted,
Ten Brick-layers and ten Stone-masons. They must be good workmen, and will have constant employment and the best of wages. Apply in Alexandria or Ft. Washington.
B. LAWS,
July 11 3t

Public Sale of Negroes.
WILL be exposed at public sale, on the 24th inst. in the town of Leesburg, Loudoun county, Virginia, about 40 valuable slaves, among which are some excellent house servants, blacksmiths, carpenters, an excellent Virginia bread cook, and coachman, as well as plantation hands; women, girls, and boys, all of whom are likely and valuable.
As these servants have all been brought up in one family, it is desirable to the owner to sell them to one master; they will however, be sold in families, or separately, as far as is practicable—if this wish cannot be gratified. All or any of them may be purchased at private sale, previous to the day of public sale, by application to Wm. Brent, Jr. Richmond, Stafford county, Va. or to
TENCH RINGGOLD,
Washington City.
July 11
The editors of the Baltimore Patriot, Republican Constellation, Winchester, Alexandria Gazette, and Fredericksburg Herald, will please insert the above three times, and forward their accounts to Tench Ringgold for payment.

Cheapside Hotel, Baltimore.
(LATE SINNERS').
WILLIAM GARNER, formerly of Alexandria, having entered upon that **Old Established Stand,**
in the neighborhood of the Shipping and Mercantile interests, and of the principal public institutions, respectfully solicits a continuation of the patronage of from 20 to 30 permanent Boarders, as well as Merchants and Travellers in general arriving in Baltimore.
Garner is well aware that professions alone would not fill require those who may, from the eligibility of the stand, resort to it; and he will, therefore, only assure his customers, that his unremitting attention to the providing every delicacy this bountiful market affords, together with a well stocked cellar of
Choice Wines and Liquors,
shall be constantly provided; and aided by sober and attentive waiters, the well known reputation of the house shall not deteriorate under his superintendence.

Muscovado Sugar.
WILL be landed this day from on board the British brig Fame, from Barbados, at Merchants' wharf, and for sale by the subscriber,
41 hhds prime muscovado sugar
JAMES PATTON
July 6 1t

Wine and Rye Flour.
29 cases (containing 1 dozen each) very old and superior Madeira wine
32 barrels rye flour, received per sloop Huntress from New-York.
For sale by
BARNEWALL & POPHAM.
July 7 1w

Claret.
A FEW cases of Medoc Claret, of a superior quality, for sale by
JULY 3 LAWRASON & FOWLE.

Window Glass.
40 BOXES 8 by 10, 10 by 12, 7 by 9, 12 by 16, 12 by 18, 14 by 18 Window Glass, just received and for sale by
TH. H. HOWLAND.
7th mo. 6 mwf

Sugar, Coffee, &c.
40 hhds prime Barbadoes sugar
370 bags prime green coffee, entitled to debenture
25 bags fresh filberts
40 hhds bright retailing molasses
40 bbls prime pork
80 N. E. rum
19 pipes Peirpoint's gin
1 Holland do
400 demijohns
27 boxes China tea sets
30 gun powder tea
L. P. Madeira, Malaga and claret
wines
1 case Canton grapes, assorted
1 Ladies' morocco shoes
1 bale containing furniture dimities, British shirtings & Russia sheetings
20 boxes spermaceti candles
65 casks cut nails, &c. &c.
For sale by
BARNEWALL & POPHAM.
June 24 d3fmw4w


Notice.
WOOD SELLERS to this place will find it to their advantage by calling on the subscribers, who have established a wood yard, adjoining John Hunter's ship yard.
LEONARD MARBURY,
JOSEPH HUNTER.
June 22 mwf

THE delinquent stockholders in the Leesburg Turnpike Road Company will please to take notice, that their first instalment, required by the president and directors of said company, of ten dollars on each share of stock by them subscribed, was due and payable on the first day of Sept. last.—The second instalment of ten dollars on each share on the first day of Jan. and the third instalment of ten dollars on each share will be due on the first day of July next, and if not punctually paid on or before the 13th of Aug. next, they will be dealt with as the law directs.
SAM'L CARR, Treas.
Leesburg, June 22 5w

SALES AT AUCTION.
By **JOHN JACKSON & Co.**
THIS DAY, at 10 A M
Will be sold at the Auction Room, Union-street.
An extensive assortment of Seasonable Dry Goods,
in lots to suit purchasers, on a liberal credit.
Among which are,
Half corded cambrics, Elegant assortment of striped and figured ribbons
Linen and bk muslins, Superb assortment of plain & striped mull
4-4 and 6-4 cambrics, Superb assortment of various qualities
Steam loom shirtings, French jewellery
Madras do, Black and cross bar'd Cotton do, hdkfs
Gold head Jalapone, Chow chow do
sammahs very fine, Bandanna do
Chittabally batias, Superb furniture cases
Sannahs, do
Emerites, do
Gurrahs, do
Shepard's high & low priced cloths
Box, pack & lb pins
Cotton balls in papers, Treble gilt do
Cotton and morocco boxes, Brown Hollands
Super calicoes, Colored cambrics
Bengal stripes, Bed ticking, &c
Super ginghams, Muslin shawls
Low priced do, Chambrays
Carlsile do, French lawns
Plaids; checks, Linen cambrics
Irish & german linens, Cambric hdkfs
Double chain rich le- Morocco shoes, variety of colors and
vintages and flor- good quality, &c.
ces; sewing silks, July 15

Bolting Cloths.
THE subscribers have received an assortment of bolting cloths of a very superior quality—which will be sold low by the piece or otherwise. They intend keeping an assortment in future.
J. & J. JANNEY.
7th mo. 1 w3w

Umbrella, Parasol and Trunk Manufactory.
A SMALL assortment of elegant PARASOLS and UMBRELLAS for sale at the store formerly occupied by Mr. Samuel Kirk, in King-street, 2 doors below Washington-street.


Likewise a good assortment of **Fancy and Common Trunks,** in nests or single.
A constant supply of the above goods at the Philadelphia prices, wholesale and retail.
DANIEL PIERCE.
N. B. Umbrellas, parasols, and trunks repaired in the best manner at short notice.
May 8—ws

Bank of Alexandria,
June 6, 1818.
A DIVIDEND of four per cent for the last half year, is this day declared, and will be paid to the stockholders in the institution, or their legal representatives, on Thursday the 9th inst.
J. L. M'KENNA, Cash'r.
July 7 3w

Union Bank of Alexandria,
July 2, 1818.
STOCKHOLDERS in this institution, are hereby notified, that on the capital paid in, a dividend of four per cent, from the profits for the last six months, is this day declared payable on the 9th inst. agreeably to order.
C. T. CHAPMAN, Cash'r.
July 3 1t

To Rent,
That pleasant and convenient House, on the lower end of Water-street, the late residence of **F. L. Lee, Esq.**
A. HOLBROOK.
June 13 swtf

Land for Sale.
THE subscriber offers for sale a tract of 80 acres of land, on the Colchester road, five miles from Alexandria, adjoining the lands of Haywood Foote and Dennis Johnston. The greater part of this tract is fine meadow land, abundantly supplied with water. Also one other tract of 261 acres, on the Ravensworth road, about 6 miles from Alexandria, and one mile from the first mentioned tract, adjoining land of Thos. Janney and Mr. M'Pherson: the greater part of this tract is in wood, the soil good and highly susceptible of improvement from the use of plaster. If these lands are not sold before the first of January next, they will then be for rent.
CHARLES SINMS.
June 18 w3

THE Subscriber wishes to inform his friends and the public, that he has on hand a good supply of the first quality **Barr Blocks.** His shop is near Col. Patterson's store, where he can supply all Builders at the shortest notice with first rate Mill stones, and which he will warrant equal if not superior to any in the United States, and will sell them at the most reduced prices—the workmanship superior to any in the district.
Dec. 18 ROBERT GLENN.

HOUSES, LANDS, &c.

To Rent.

The two-story frame House on Union, between King and Prince streets, recently occupied by Geo. K. Wise. Immediate possession will be given. Apply to
JULY 10
THOMAS LOWE.

To Rent.

On liberal terms, for one or more years. The subscriber's wharf and warehouses thereon, at the lower end of Wolfe street, adjoining Messrs. Wm. Welch & Co.'s Lumber Yard, which for convenience in respect to vessels, or accommodation for an extensive business, is at least equal to any situation in town, having an east front of 96 and a north one of 96 feet; the water being sufficiently deep for any sized vessel. Also is attached a commodious Yard extending west 200 feet.
JULY 11
ISAAC ENTWISLE.

Indian Queen Tavern.

The subscriber offers for sale the Lease on the House he now occupies as a TAVERN, which has four and a half years to run. It is one of the most eligible and central situations in town, and commands a large share of country custom. He also offers all the household and kitchen

Furniture, Servants, &c.
Immediate possession will be given.
JAMES SHETHAR
JUNE 26

To Rent.

The Brick Warehouse at the corner of Prince & Union streets, now occupied by Caldwell & Jackson—the stand for a grocery, ship chandlery, or auction store, equal to any in the place—Immediate possession can be given.

Also to Rent.

The Compiling Room, and part of all the Brick Warehouse occupied by Lindsay & Hill—Possession given on the 1st of Aug.
MAY 25
LAWRASON & FOWLE.

To Let.

The House and Store on Fairfax street, adjoining the subscribers, recently occupied by Mrs. Haskins, possession may be had immediately.
MANDEVILLE & LARMOUR.
N. B. A reward of 30 dollars is offered for discovery of any of those indecent persons who are in the practice of depositing nuisances in the lot corner of Cameron and Pitt streets, near the Playhouse.
MAY 29.

For Sale.

The subscriber offers for sale the large Brick Building lately occupied by him in the town of Alexandria, together with most of the essential articles of Furniture attached to it. The whole will be sold on the most reasonable terms. He also offers for sale, an excellent Philadelphia built carriage, and a pair of well broke horses.
W. H. FITZTHUGH.
Ravenworth, June 25—d1wThlf

Plaster Land.

The subscriber offers for sale a FARM of 450 acres, being part of the tract whereon he resides, in Fauquier county, Va. More than one-third of this Farm is in timber, and is land of the richest quality. The cleared land is in good heart, having had the advantage of a clover lay, and no soil being more susceptible of plaster improvement. He would also dispose of a lot of 59 acres, the whole of which is in timber, and is first-rate tobacco and meadow land. On this lot has been erected well built saw mill, contiguous to which at the confluence of Broad and Mill runs is a most valuable site for a merchant mill. No property is better worth the attention of a person wishing to engage in such business. On the first mentioned farm are a commodious overseer's house, a new barn, stables, corn houses and negro quarters, and about 20 acres of timothy meadow.

THOMAS TURNER,
Near Hay Market Post Office.
JUNE 26

Notice.

THE subscribers who are executors to the last will and testament of col. John Fitzgerald, and wishing to settle, close and adjust, the amount of his arrears to the government, will dispose of by private contract that well known and valuable 37 acre Lot adjoining the city of Alexandria, (subject to the dower right of the widow) nearly whereon is the celebrated Federal Spring, and a portion of said Lot is on a commanding and beautiful eminence well adapted for a dwelling house. They will also sell the Distillery lot nearly adjoining Mr. Hunter's Ship Yard, with sundry articles thereunto appertaining, as a large Still, Worm, &c. They will also dispose of a half acre lot handsomely situated near the Academy and Mr. Glenn Moore's. Application may be made either jointly or separately to the subscribers, who are empowered by the Comptroller of the Treasury to give any reasonable time for the payment of the purchase money on approved securities.

THOS. A. DIGGES, of Warburton
JAMES KEITH, of Alexandria.
JUNE 26.

600 acres of Land for sale.

THIS Tract is situated in Westmoreland county, Virginia, adjacent to Mr. Garrett Hunter's Plantation, and contiguous to the waters of the Potomac. The neighborhood is good—water excellent, and very desirable situations for building. A considerable proportion of the land is well timbered, besides a good deal of cedar, pine and other wood, sufficiently convenient to make it an object for those who may be disposed to send it to market—it is nearly equidistant from Baltimore, Washington and Norfolk.

Any one wishing to purchase may apply to
ROGER JONES.
Also, a very valuable LOT, containing 140 acres, being a part of the late Mr. John Turberville's tract—within 6 miles of Georgetown, 3 from the Little Falls Bridge, and near to the turnpike leading from thence to Wileys, in Fairfax county, Va. A great proportion of this land is exceedingly well timbered, and that part which is not, is so recently cleared as to be in an active state for cultivation, and already in a productive condition. For terms, apply to PHILIP C. JONES, esq., in Leesburg, Va. or to R. JONES.
MARCH 30

Public Sale.

WILL peremptorily be sold for cash on the 21st of August next at 12 o'clock, at the Coffee House in the town of Alexandria, Five shares in the Georgetown Bridge Stock. Also, the following tracts of Land, to wit:—One containing 7,813 acres in Mason county, Kentucky, on the waters of the Sandy; one other containing 7,760 acres in Randolph county, state of Virginia, adjoining the lands of Henry Banks; one other containing 3,000 acres on the waters of Elk river, Randolph county; one other containing 438 acres in Hampshire county, on the waters of Patterson creek, about 2 miles from Frankfort; one other containing 50,000 acres in the county of Kenawha, on the main right hand fork of Big Sandy river, on the east side.—The tracts will be divided if required.—The plots and description of the lands may be seen at the counting-house of the subscriber.
JONAH THOMPSON,
Agt. for the assignees of col. Jos. May.
JUNE 29

For Sale.

A VALUABLE FARM, containing between six and seven hundred acres of land, the greater part of which is in timber, and adjoins the land of Charles Thist and Edmond J. Lee, esq. and extends to the road from Leesburg to the mill lately known as Miller's Mill, on Goose Creek, and not more than three quarters of a mile from the turnpike road now making. The furthest boundary of this land is not more than three miles from Leesburg, and the nearest, which is in timber, not more than one mile and a half. The timbered land will be laid off into 10 or 15 acre lots, reserving a sufficient quantity for the land now cleared and in cultivation. It is unnecessary to say that this land is as well adapted to plaster as any in that part of the country; and if not sold at private sale previous to the September, 1848 court, will be then offered at public sale, and the terms made known on the day.

There are fifteen or twenty negroes residing on the farm that may be purchased with it if wanted.
LANDOR CARTER.
Sabine Hall, June 1 [5] fmwts

For Sale.

A valuable Farm in Jefferson county, Virginia.
BY virtue of a decree of the superior court of chancery for the Richmond district in Virginia, in a suit wherein the executors of General George Washington were plaintiffs, and Gerard Alexander, Thomas L. Alexander, (by Ludwell Lee, his appointed guardian in his case) Ludwell Lee, Richard H. L. Washington, John A. Washington, Bashrod C. Washington and Mary Lee Washington, defendants—will be exposed to sale to the highest bidder, for ready money, on the premises, on TUESDAY, the 15th day of September next, all that tract or parcel of Land, lying in Jefferson county, Virginia, on Bullskin, commonly called Rockhall, containing 540 acres, now in the occupation of John Sanders.

The above tract of land lies about 16 miles from Winchester, and about 6 miles from Charles-town, and on the main road leading from Winchester to Baltimore, city of Washington and Alexandria. It is well adapted to plaster and clover, and is in quality little inferior, if at all, to that of any farm in that rich valley. The improvements on it are a large two-story frame dwelling house, barn and other necessary out houses.—The water is limestone and of excellent quality.

Any person wishing to view the premises will be shown them upon application to John A. Washington or Bashrod C. Washington, living near the land.

Alfred A. Powell,
Henry St. George Tucker,
Robert Worthington,
William Tate,
JULY 1

Green Turtles.

A FEW green Turtles will be sold alive by the subscriber, if applied for soon, or dressed for families. Soup will be offered in a few days; of which due notice will be given.
T. SHIELDS,
JULY 8

Notice.

THE subscriber will apply to the bank of Alexandria for a renewal of the following certificates of stock now standing in the name of Joseph Conway, dec. the same having been lost or mislaid:—
Nos. 335; 498; 1165; 1167; 1168; 1169; 1773; 1774; 1775; 1845; 2070; 2071; 2072; 2073; 2074; 1531; 1351; 1317; 1318; 2081.

WM. HERBERT, Jan. Adm'r.
JUNE 25

Potomac Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the annual meeting of the stockholders will be held at Mr. Brown's tavern in Alexandria, on Monday the 5th August next, at 11 A. M. for the purpose of electing a president and four directors for the ensuing year, and transacting other business of the company.—And that the president and directors will hold a meeting at Mr. Simms's tavern in Georgetown on Monday the 10th of August next, for the purpose of appointing the following officers, to wit:—A person to act as treasurer and clerk of the works; one to act as toll gatherer at Harpers Ferry; one to act as toll gatherer and gatekeeper at the great falls, and one to act in the same capacity at the little falls.

By order of the board,
JOSEPH BREWER, Treas.
JULY 6

District of Columbia, to wit:
County of Alexandria,
April Term, 1818.
IN CHANCERY.

Newton Keene—Complainant,
versus
John M. Noblet and John Vaughn—Defendants.

THE defendant, John M. Noblet, not having entered his appearance and given security according to the statute and the rules of this court; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, upon affidavit, that the said John M. Noblet is not an inhabitant of this district.—On motion of the said complainant, by his attorney, it is ordered, That the said defendant, John M. Noblet, does appear here on the first day of the next court, and enter his appearance to this suit, and give security for performing the decrees of the court; and that the other defendant, John Vaughn, does not pay away, convey or secrete the debts by him owing to the estate or effects in his hands belonging to the said absent defendant John M. Noblet, until the further order or decree of this court, and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for 2 months successively in one of the public newspapers published in this county, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of the said county.

Test,
G. DENEALE, C. C.
JUNE 17

Dr. Thomson's System of Chemistry.

IN FOUR VOLUMES OCTAVO.
THE preceding edition of Dr. Thomson's Chemistry, had acquired so much reputation both in England and upon the continent of Europe, that a new edition, comprising the new facts with which the science had been enriched, and the new views of the subject which extended knowledge had suggested as indispensable, was eagerly looked for by the scientific world. A new edition has accordingly appeared, wherein the former edition of five volumes has been condensed into four.

All the new discoveries, and all the new theories of Chemical Phenomena, have been considered and embraced in the present improved edition: so that it is indispensable to the chemical student, as presenting the only condensed view of the changes and alterations in chemical doctrine, which the discoveries of the last ten years have suggested. No apology therefore can be necessary for reprinting such a book in this country; for the press does not furnish a substitute for it. But, there is so much theoretical suggestion—so much abstruse calculation—so much fact of dubious authority—and so much dubious validity—that notes and illustrations are absolutely necessary, not merely to render the book more useful, but more intelligible.

Under these impressions, I thought fit to write notes in illustration (and sometimes in contradiction) of the work itself, rather than to make any abridgement of it. Those who wish to know the modern views of chemical science, must peruse it; and to very many who will be anxious to study it, elucidation will be necessary. I have endeavored to supply these, to the best of my ability; regardless whether my own opinions are in dissonance or coincidence with those of any author; leaving to the reader to decide between us.

The work will be published, with notes and illustrations, in four volumes 8vo.
THOMAS COOPER, n. p.

I. The work will be printed on a superfine paper, with a new small pica letter, and will be published early in the ensuing summer.

II. It will be illustrated with a number of cuts, of which several have been necessarily added to the London edition.

III. It will be delivered to subscribers at \$12—to non-subscribers at \$14, in boards. The London edition sells for \$18.

Subscriptions will be received by
JAMES KENNEDY & SON.
MAY 23

Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday, WILL BE SOLD,
At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water Streets.

Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day.

All kind of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. MARSTEILER.

Ship Timber, &c.

THE subscriber, residing on Mattawoman Creek, in Charles County, Maryland, will dispose of (standing) a large quantity of first rate White Oak Ship Timber, Wharf Logs, Timber suited for Staves, Plank, Scantling, or other purposes, in any quantity; likewise several thousand cords Oak Wood. Purchasers will find it to their advantage to apply as the terms will be moderate, and there is navigable water to the spot.

WM. MASON.

Was Committed

TO the jail of Alexandria county, as a runaway, on the 16th inst. a Negro man, who calls himself WILLIAM WILSON; says he is free born, and was raised in New-York; he is about 5 feet 2 inches high, full face and eyes, well set, black complexion, and about 22 years of age. He has been in the district about one year. The owner is requested to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of as the law directs.
AN'W ROUNSAVELL, Jailor.
JUNE 26

James Kennedy & Son,

RESPECTFULLY inform the public that they have just received from LEE'S MEDICINE STORE, No. 46, Maiden lane, New-York, a fresh supply of the following valuable MEDICINES:

Hamilton's Warm-destroying Lozenges.

Which have within sixteen years past cured an immense number of persons of both sexes of every age and in every situation, of various dangerous complaints arising from WORMS, and from obstructions or foulness in the stomach and bowels.

This medicine bears no analogy whatever to others of similar titles so commonly complained of as operating with violence; on the contrary a particular excellence of this remedy is its being suited to every age and constitution. It contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent & is so mild in its operation that it can injure the most delicate pregnant lady or the tenderest infant of a week old should no worms exist in the body; but will without pain or griping cleanse the stomach and bowels of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms and many fatal disorders. The lozenges are particularly efficacious in carrying off all gross humors and eruptions, feverish and bilious complaints, and are the safest and mild est purgative that can be used on any occasion.

Description of Worms, and the symptoms by which they are known.

Worms which infest the human body are chiefly of four kinds viz.—The Terebra or large round worm; the Ascarides or small maw-worm; the Cucurbitaria or short fat white worm; and lastly, the Tenia or tape-worm, so called from its resemblance to tape. This is often many yards long and is full of joints. It is most hurtful and most difficult to remove.

Among the symptoms attending worms are—disagreeable breath, especially in the morning; bad and corrupted gums; itching in the nose, and about the seat; convulsions, epileptic fits, and sometimes privation of speech; starting and grinding of the teeth in sleep; irregular appetite, sometimes loathing food and sometimes voracious; purging with slimy and fetid stools; vomiting; large and hard belly; pains and sickness at the stomach; pains in the head and thighs and lowness of spirits; slow fever with small and irregular pulse; a dry cough; excessive thirst; sometimes pale and unhealthy countenance and sometimes the face bloated and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms should have immediate recourse to Hamilton's Warm Destroying Lozenges, which have been constantly attended with success in all complaints similar to those above described.

A dose of this medicine given occasionally during the warm season, will effectually prevent the vomiting and purging of children—a dreadful disorder, which annually destroys thousands of the infant part of our citizens. It is likewise the mildest and most certain remedy known, and has restored to health and strength a great number when in an advanced stage of this fatal complaint. Particular and plain instructions are given for every part of the necessary treatment in such cases.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness; having a pleasing appearance, and an agreeable taste.

The Restorative Powder for the Teeth and Gums.

JAMES KENNEDY & SON,
SEPTEMBER 25

For the prevention and cure of BILIOUS AND MALIGNANT FEVERS is recommended

HAHN'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS

THIS Medicine has been attended with a degree of success highly grateful to the inventor's feelings in several parts of the West Indies and in the Southern and Middle States, &c.

The testimony of a number of persons can be adduced, who have reason to believe that a timely use of this salutary remedy has, under Providence, preserved their lives when in the most alarming circumstances.

Facts of this conclusive nature speak more in favour of a medicine than columns of pompous eulogy founded on mere assertion.

It is not indeed presumptuously proposed as an infallible cure, but the inventor has every possible reason that can result from extensive experience for believing that a dose of these Pills taken once in every two weeks during the prevalence of our bilious fevers, will prove an infallible preventive; and further, that in the earlier stages of those diseases their use will very generally succeed in restoring health, and frequently in cases esteemed desperate and beyond the power of common remedies.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild, so as to be used with safety by persons in every situation and of every age. They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile and prevent its morbid secretions—to restore and amend the appetite—to produce a free perspiration and thereby prevent colds which are often of fatal consequences. A dose never fails to remove a cold if taken on its first appearance; they are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness—sickness at the stomach and severe head-ache—and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

They have been found remarkably efficacious in preventing and curing disorders attendant on long voyages, and should be procured and carefully preserved for use by every seaman.

Hamilton's Elixir.

A sovereign remedy for colds, obstinate coughs, asthmas, sore throats, catarrhs, and approaching consumptions.—To persons who have children afflicted with the HOOPING COUGH, this discovery is of the first magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorders to which children are liable. The Elixir is perfectly agreeable, and the dose so small that no difficulty arises in taking it.

Hamilton's Grand Restorative.
Is recommended as an invaluable medicine for the speedy relief and permanent cure of

Nervous Disorders	Violent cramps in
Consumptions	the stomach and
Lowness of spirits	back
Loss of appetite	Indigestion
Impurity of blood	Melancholy
Hysterical affection	Gout in the stomach
General weakness	Pains in the limbs
and debility	Relaxations, etc.

Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard.

A safe and effectual remedy for acute and chronic rheumatism, gout, rheumatic gout, palsy, lumbago, numbness, white swellings, chilblains, sprains, bruises, pain in the face and neck, &c. etc.

Lee's Ointment for the Itch.

Warranted an infallible remedy at on application, may be used with perfect safety by pregnant women, or on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury or any dangerous ingredients whatever, and not accompanied with the tormenting smart which attends the application of other remedies.

Hahn's true & genuine German Corn Plaster.

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing their root and branch, without giving any pain.

The Genuine Persian Lotion.

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Europe, is an invaluable cosmetic, perfectly innocent and safe, free from corrosive and repellent minerals the basis of other lotions, and of unparalleled efficacy in removing blemishes of the face and skin, freckles, pimples, inflammatory redness, scurfs, tetter, ring worms, sunburns, prickly heat, &c.

Hahn's genuine Eye Water.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident.

Tooth Ache Drops.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

Lee's Infallible Ague and Fever Drops.
For the cure of agues, remittent and intermittent fevers.

At the place of sale pamphlets may be had gratis, describing cures performed by the above medicines; the number, importance and respectability which, fully justify every article of advertisement.

Sold only wholesale and retail, by
JAMES KENNEDY & SON,
SEPTEMBER 25

Alexandra

Vol. XIX.]

For St. Thomas.

HUNTRESS, Capt. Spencer: will take about 100 barrels in small freight, and can accommodate 3 passengers.

ALSO,
The new and fast-sailing schooner ELIZABETH & NANCY, Captain Ames: will take freight of 550 barrels to the West Indies or coastwise, and can accommodate 15 or 20 passengers, having excellent accommodations. Inquire of the captains on board, at Vowell's wharf, or to
E. CORNING.
JULY 16

Plaster Paris.

JOHN H. LAOD, & Co. offer for sale the cargo of the schooner Mary 120 tons Plaster Paris.

For Freight.

The substantial good schr. MARY, Elijah Worton master, burthen 102 tons, will take freight for Europe, the West Indies, or Coastwise.
JULY 8

For Freight.

The fast sailing schooner NELSON, Tenney master, burthen 550 barrels, is a superior vessel, and can be ready for a cargo in a few days. Apply to LAWRASON & FOWLE. Who have for sale said schooner's cargo of line, lumber, and tanner's bark.
MAY 25

E. Corning,

Has just received by the sloop Rising Sun, and schooner Sally,
40 bbls. country gin
4 bbls. do.
20 bbls. N. E. rum
20 bbls. do.
500 lbs. Lime
12 bbls. meat and prime pork
25 boxes spermaceti candles
20 bags coffee
4 yawl boats
3 bbls. sugar
6 do. molasses
150 bushels potatoes, &c.
Also for Freight,
The good sloop MARY, capt. Bourne, to any part of the United States.—Enquire as above, Vowell's wharf.
JUNE 3

A little of New-England, &c.

JUST received and for sale by
E. CORNING, Vowell's whf.
30 bbls N E Rum
40 bbls do
4 bbls Antigua and Jamaica do
6 do country gin
60 bbls do
Bags of coffee
3000 wt bacon
20 boxes Philadelphia cider
20 kegs ginger
12 do oysters
Reef and pork
3 bbls Barbados sugar
4 do do molasses
20 boxes sperm candles
4 chests hyson tea
20 kegs tobacco
30 bbls whiskey—and a general assortment of GROCERIES, at wholesale and retail. Ship Stores put up at short notice. WANTED, 3000 bushels of yellow or yellow and white mixed Corn—and a small cargo of Thomas on time.
JULY 3

100 Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber's farm, near Piscataway, Md. on or about the 1st day of March, 1818, a dark mulatto man named Nick, five feet ten or eleven inches high, slender made, a little deaf, speaks a little through his nose, has been in the habit of wearing rings in his ears, but may have taken them out to avoid discovery. Said negro Nick has a wife on Mr. Thomas A. Digges's land, near Fort Washington, and is probably harbored in that neighborhood. I will give the above reward of Thirty Dollars, if taken out of the State of Maryland, and Twenty if taken in the State, more than ten miles from home—i within ten miles of home, Ten Dollars.
JNO. H. BEANES.
APRIL 23

Notice.

THE subscribers to the Falls Bridge Turnpike Company, residing in Fairfax County, Virginia, who lately subscribed with a view to enable the Company to build a Bridge across the lower Ford of Difficult Run and to forward the Torapike road, are hereby notified that they are required to pay to John Templeman, the Superintendent on the road, or to his order, a monthly instalment of ten dollars per share, to commence on the 20th July next and to continue till the whole amount of subscriptions are paid up.

By order of the Board,
JOHN MURDOCH, Treas.
Georgetown, June 19, 1818.